

question	answer	marks	notes
16.	What allows sharks to be <i>flexible</i> ?		
	Identify the importance of cartilage.	1	<b>Content domain:</b> 2b—retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction <b>Award 1 mark</b> for answers identifying the importance of cartilage.
17.	How many varieties of shark are there?		
	more than/greater than/larger than/at least 350.	1	<b>Content domain:</b> 2b—retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction <b>Award 1 mark</b> for the answers such as more than/greater than/larger than/at least 350.
18.	Draw a line to match the heading with the information provided in each text box of <b>Shark Infested Facts</b>		
	<p><b>A Shark’s Body</b> a description of the different body parts, including statements about them</p> <p><b>Fun Facts</b> simple statements about sharks</p> <p><b>What Are Sharks</b> an explanation of what sharks are</p> <p><b>Going Back In Time...</b> a short description of the range of shark species and their history</p> <p><b>Terrifying Teeth</b> an explanation about how sharks are designed to find and eat their prey</p>	up to 2 marks	<p><b>Content domain:</b> 2c– summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph</p> <p><b>Award 2 marks</b> for three correct answers. <b>Award 1 mark</b> for two correct answers. <b>Award 0 marks</b> for one correct answer.</p>
19.	Look at the section headed: <b>Going Back in Time...</b> <b>Find and copy</b> a phrase that proves that sharks are older than dinosaurs.		
	‘been around for more than 420 million years’	1	<b>Content domain:</b> 2a—give /explain the meaning of words in context <b>Award 1 mark</b> for the answer ‘been around for more than 420 million years’.

20.	Why do you think the sawshark has its name?		
	Identify that the sawshark has a very long snout, which makes it look like a saw.	1	<p><b>Content domain:</b> 2d—make inferences from the text /explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text</p> <p><b>Award 1 mark</b> for answers identifying that the sawshark has a very long snout, which makes it look like a saw.</p>
21.	How does having many rows of teeth help a shark to survive?		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The teeth act as a weapon</li> <li>• Without the teeth a shark would starve /not catch prey</li> <li>• The teeth can be replaced easily (using a 'conveyor belt' system)</li> </ul>	up to 2 marks	<p><b>Content domain:</b> 2d—make inferences from the text /explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text</p> <p><b>Award 1 mark</b> for identifying any of the correct answers, up to a maximum of <b>2 marks</b>.</p> <p><b>Do not accept</b> answers referring to the violence of a shark's attack.</p> <p><b>Do not accept</b> answers referring to how a shark's teeth are adapted to suit its environment.</p>
22.	Fill in the table below.		
	<p><b>Whale Shark</b> This can grow as large as a bus.</p> <p><b>Sawshark</b> This has a very long snout.</p> <p>Hornshark <b>(This) cracks and grinds shells.</b></p>	1	<p><b>Content domain:</b> 2b—retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction</p> <p><b>Award 1 mark</b> for completing all of the answers.</p>
23.	Explain why you think sharks are seen as terrifying. Explain fully, referring to the text in your answer.		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sharks are predators to man /carnivores /powerful predators /eat large mammals</li> <li>• Sharks are known for their huge, jagged teeth</li> <li>• Sharks are successful predators –they have been around for more than 420 million years</li> <li>• Sharks can act violently</li> <li>• Sharks have much bigger teeth than humans</li> </ul>	up to 2 marks	<p><b>Content domain:</b> 2b—retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction</p> <p><b>Award 1 mark</b> for identifying any of the correct answers, up to a maximum of <b>2 marks</b>.</p>

24.	Look at the section headed: <b>A Shark's Body</b> . <b>Find and copy</b> one phrase that shows that a nurse shark has gills that perform two jobs.		
	'can not only' <b>or</b> 'but also'	1	<b>Content domain:</b> 2d—make inferences from the text /explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text <b>Award 1 mark</b> for the answer 'can not only' <b>or</b> 'but also'.
25.	What does the word 'jagged' mean?		
	imply 'rough', 'sharp' or 'pointed'	1	<b>Content domain:</b> 2a—give /explain the meaning of words in context <b>Award 1 mark</b> for any answer implying 'rough', 'sharp' or 'pointed'.
26.	Look at the text again. Tick to show which statements about sharks are <b>true</b> and which are <b>false</b> .		
	Sharks' skeletons are made of cartilage. - <b>True</b> The Great White Shark can eat large mammals. - <b>True</b> Sharks' teeth cannot be replaced once broken. - <b>False</b> A set of bongo drums was once found in a hammerhead shark's stomach. - <b>False</b>	up to 2 marks	<b>Content domain:</b> 2b—retrieve and record information /identify key details from fiction and non-fiction <b>Award 2 marks</b> for four correct answers. <b>Award 1 mark</b> for two or three correct answers. <b>Award 0 marks</b> for one correct answer.

27.	What ideas are we given about how a shark's body is adapted to help it survive?						
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Features that help sharks to escape prey</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cartilage allows a shark's skeleton to be light and flexible.</li> <li>• Fins help the shark to turn, swim up or down and stop it rolling from side to side so it can escape quickly / not be trapped.</li> <li>• Tail fins help the shark to swim quickly.</li> <li>• A dogfish has sharp spines in its fins.</li> </ul> </td> <td style="width: 70%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Features that help sharks to catch prey</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cartilage allows a shark's skeleton to be light and flexible.</li> <li>• Powerful teeth for killing large mammals. Teeth adapted to suit their environment e.g. hornshark can crack and grind shells.</li> <li>• 'Conveyor belt' system of teeth so that they are always equipped to kill their prey.</li> <li>• Fins help the shark to turn, swim up or down and stop it rolling from side to side.</li> <li>• Tail fins help the shark to swim quickly.</li> <li>• A shark's nose has tiny holes in it that help the shark to find fish swimming nearby.</li> </ul> </td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Features that help sharks perform basic functions e.g. breathing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To breathe, the gills on a nurse shark allow it to suck in water.</li> </ul> </td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">up to 2 marks</p> <p style="margin-top: 20px;"><b>Content domain:</b> 2h—make comparisons within the text.</p> <p><b>Award 1 mark</b> for all four correct answers.</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p><b>Award 2 marks</b> for 1 key point, with an appropriate example given to explain the answer.</p> <p><b>Do not accept</b> examples without a key point having been made.</p> <p><b>Also accept</b> examples from the children's own knowledge, <b>if accompanied by a key point.</b></p>	<p><b>Features that help sharks to escape prey</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cartilage allows a shark's skeleton to be light and flexible.</li> <li>• Fins help the shark to turn, swim up or down and stop it rolling from side to side so it can escape quickly / not be trapped.</li> <li>• Tail fins help the shark to swim quickly.</li> <li>• A dogfish has sharp spines in its fins.</li> </ul>		<p><b>Features that help sharks to catch prey</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cartilage allows a shark's skeleton to be light and flexible.</li> <li>• Powerful teeth for killing large mammals. Teeth adapted to suit their environment e.g. hornshark can crack and grind shells.</li> <li>• 'Conveyor belt' system of teeth so that they are always equipped to kill their prey.</li> <li>• Fins help the shark to turn, swim up or down and stop it rolling from side to side.</li> <li>• Tail fins help the shark to swim quickly.</li> <li>• A shark's nose has tiny holes in it that help the shark to find fish swimming nearby.</li> </ul>		<p><b>Features that help sharks perform basic functions e.g. breathing</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To breathe, the gills on a nurse shark allow it to suck in water.</li> </ul>	
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